



# **EUV Resist Development Status toward sub-20nm Half-Pitch**

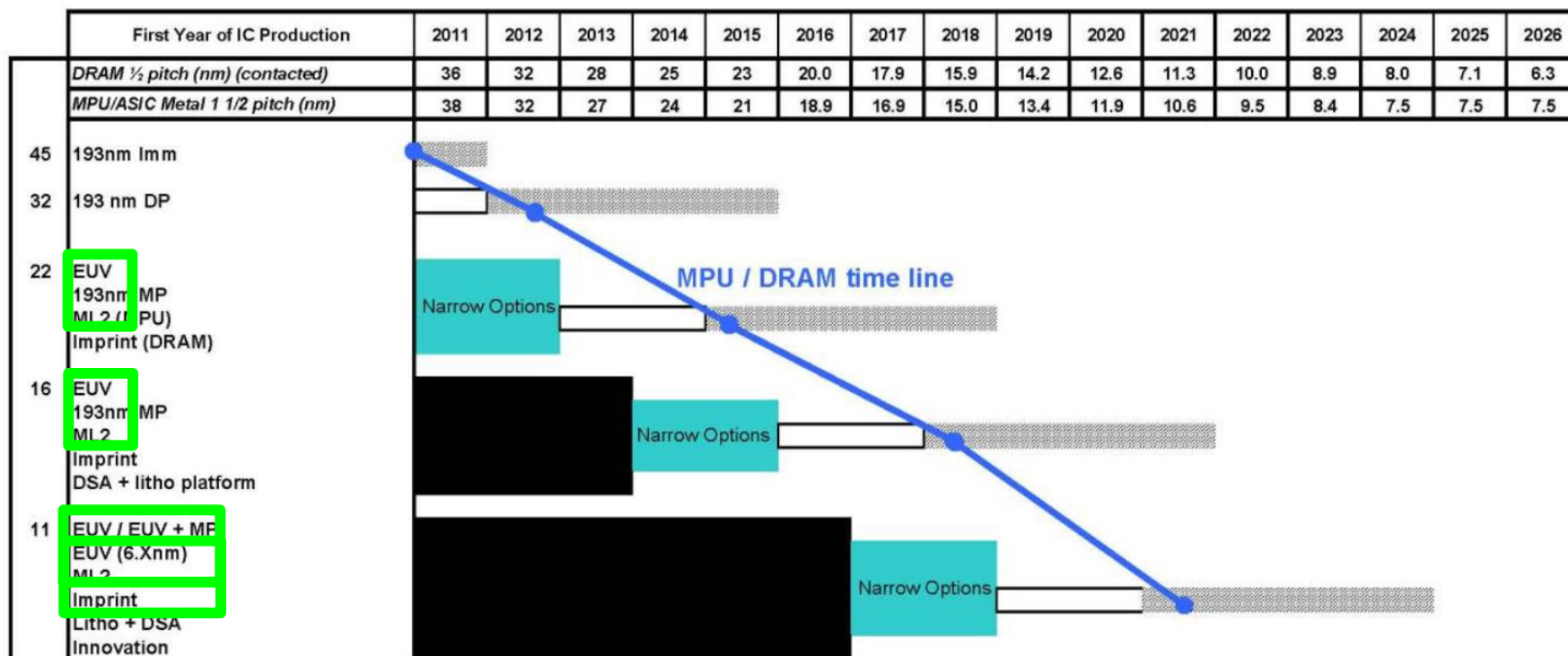
*Tooru Kimura*

*JSR Corporation*

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- *Introduction*
- *Material design for high resolution*
  - *Short acid diffusion PAGs*
- *Substrate and process development*
  - *Substrate, Si- HM*
  - *Development Process*
- *Summary*

# Lithography Road Map



<http://www.itrs.net/Links/2011ITRS/2011Chapters/2011Lithography.pdf>

- ✓ *EUVL is leading candidate for next generation lithography*
- ✓ *In this study, JSR reports material development status for sub-20nm half-pitch.*

# Strategy for sub-20nm hp Generation

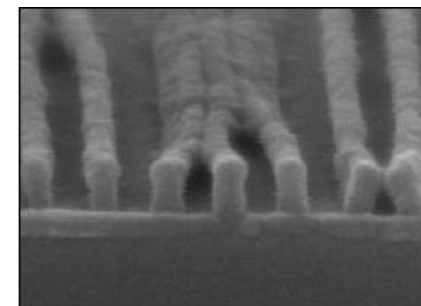
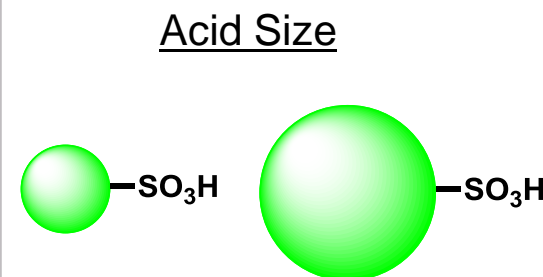
***Resolution improvement is significant challenge for sub-20nm hp generation***

✓ ***Acid diffusion control***

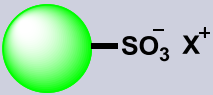
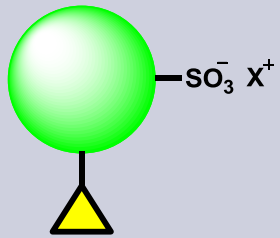
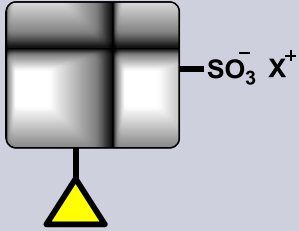
- ***Development of PAG with short acid diffusion length***

✓ ***Suppression of pattern collapse***

- ***Development of under layer***
- ***Optimization of development process***



# Short Acid Diffusion Length PAG

	PAG-1	PAG-2	PAG-3
PAG structure			
Van del Waals (VDW) vol. (relative value) of anion	100	170	190
Functional group of anion	None	Polar unit	Polar unit
PAG backbone	Flexible	Flexible	Rigid
Acid diffusion length* (relative value)	100	41	14



: Rigid unit



: Flexible unit



: Polar unit

X<sup>+</sup> : Onium salt unit

\*Jae Hyun Kim et al, *Proc. SPIE* 5376, 790 (2004).

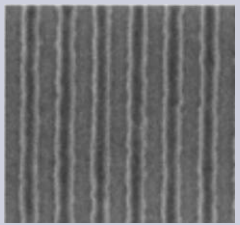
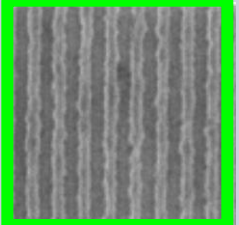
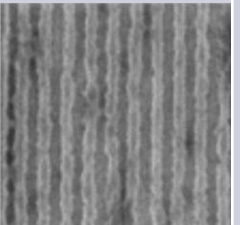
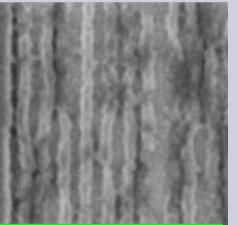
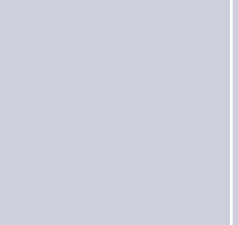
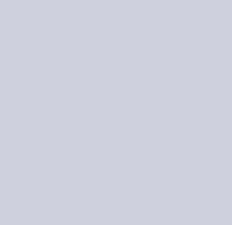
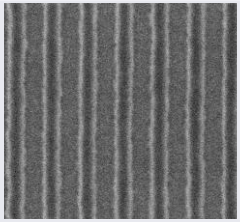
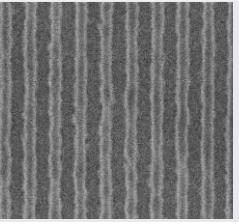
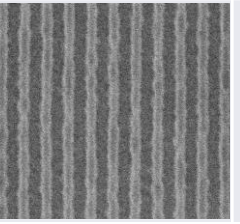
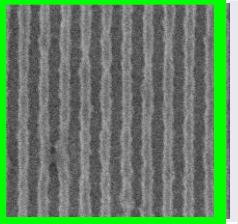
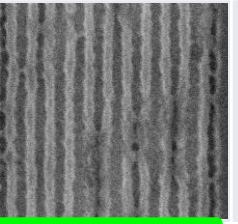
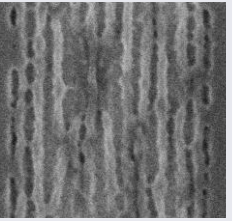
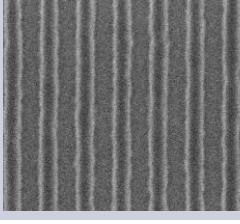
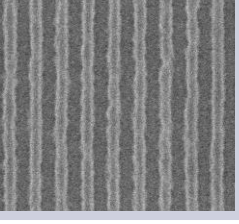
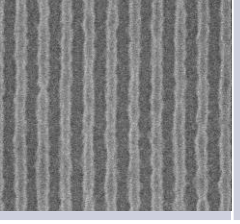
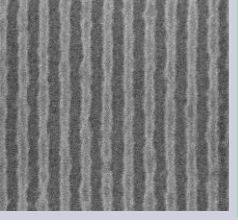
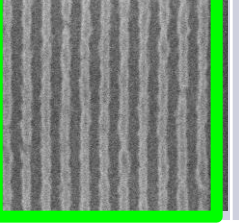
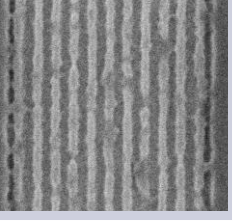
Jae Hyun Kim et al. *J. Photopolym. Sci. Tech.* 17, 379 (2004).

✓ **PAG acid diffusion length was controlled by unique PAG anion design**

**2012 International Workshop on EUV Lithography**



# Short Acid Diffusion Length PAG -Ultimate Resolution-

	45nmHP	32nmHP	28nmHP	26nmHP	24nmHP	22nmHP
Resist A (PAG-1) ADL*:100						
Resist B (PAG-2) ADL*:41						
Resist C (PAG-3) ADL*:14						

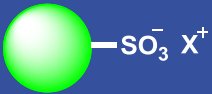
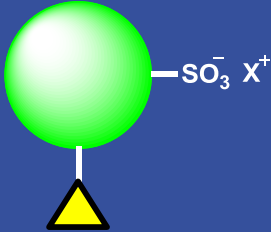
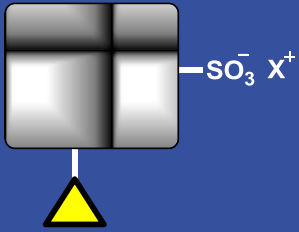
\*ADL: Acid diffusion length (relative value)

Sub. Si, Thickness: 50nm, Exp. SFET. NA 0.30

Ref: Kouta Nishino, Ken Maruyama, Tooru Kimura, Proc. SPIE 7969-89 (2011)

- ✓ *Resist with short acid diffusion length PAG showed high resolution*
- ✓ *Good relationship between resolution and acid diffusion length was observed*

# Short Acid Diffusion Length PAG -Lithography Performance-

	Resist A (PAG-1) ADL*:100	Resist B (PAG-2) ADL*:41	Resist C (PAG-3) ADL*:14
			
Resolution	32 nm HP	26 nm HP	24 nm HP
LWR (28 nm HP)	Not resolve	7.0 nm	5.9 nm
Sensitivity (28 nm HP)	11.0 mJ/cm2	13.0 mJ/cm2	15.1 mJ/cm2
Z-factor*	-	7.0E-08	5.7E-0.8

\*Z-factor  $[(\text{mJ} \cdot \text{nm}^3) = (\text{RES})^3 * (\text{LER})^2 * (\text{SEN})]$  is used for quantitative resist comparison.  
Wallow, T. et al Proc. SPIE 6921, 69211F (2008).

✓ **Short acid diffusion length PAG is good for balanced resolution, LWR and sensitivity performance**

# Strategy for sub-20nm hp Generation

*Resolution improvement is significant challenge for 16 nm HP generation*

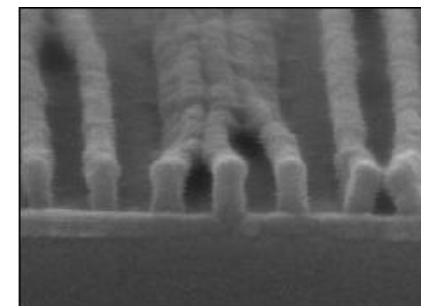
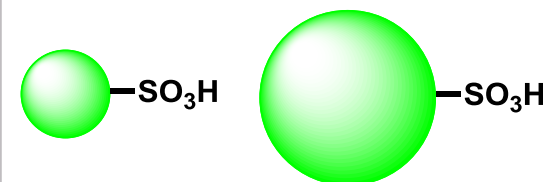
✓ *Acid diffusion control*

- *Development of PAG with short acid diffusion length*

✓ *Suppression of pattern collapse*

- *Development of under layer*
- *Optimization of development process*

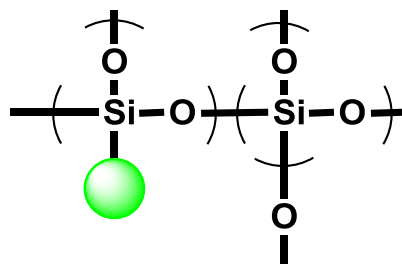
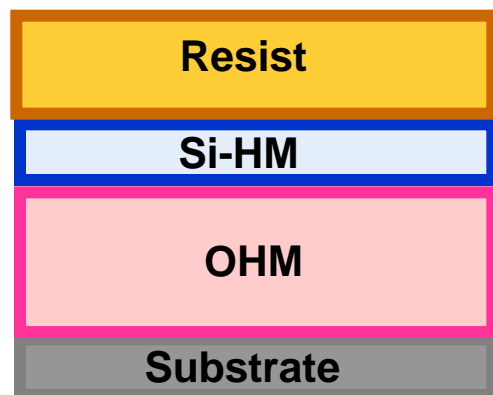
Acid Size





# Development of Under Layer – Si-HM

## Multi-layer system

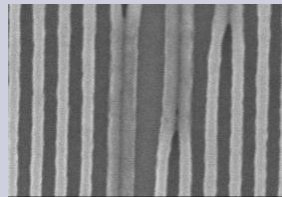
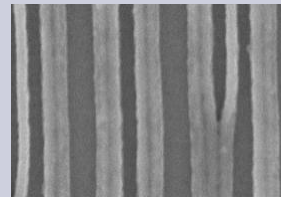
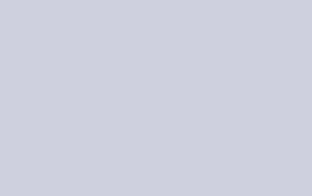
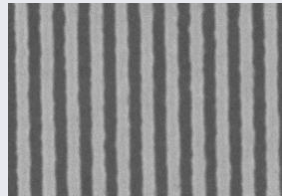
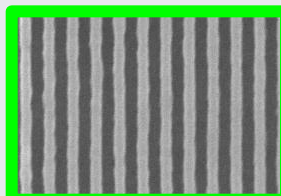
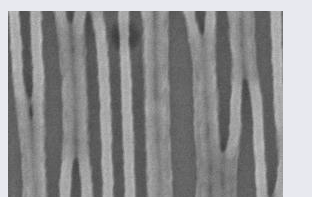
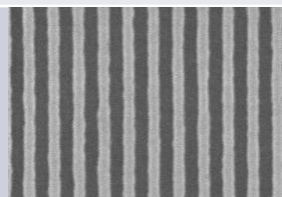
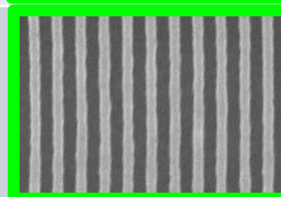
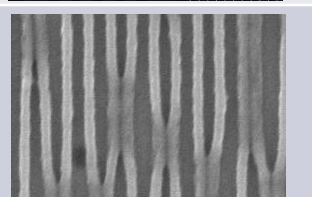
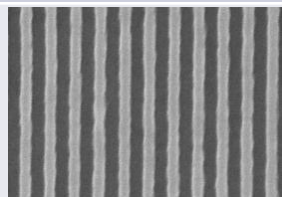
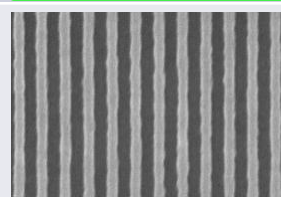
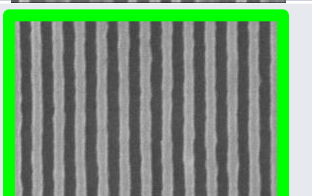


Multi layer system provides wider margin for resist pattern line collapse as well as etching process

	Si-HM-A	Si-HM-B	Si-HM-C	Si-HM-D
Contact angle (relative value)	100	104	106	109

- ✓ *Si-HMs with different contact angle were evaluated to understand the effect of Si-HM on resist pattern line collapse*

# Development of Under Layer – Si-HM -Ultimate Resolution-

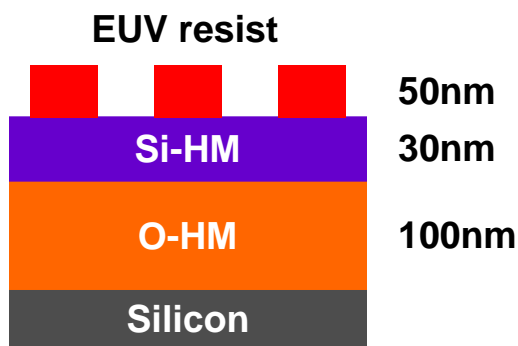
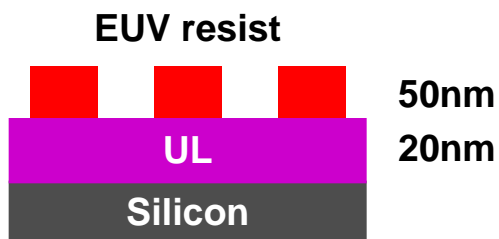
Si-HM	30 nm HP	28 nm HP	26 nm HP
Si-HM-A CA(relative value):100			
Si-HM-B CA(relative value):104			
Si-HM-C CA(relative value):106			
Si-HM-D CA(relative value):109			

Exp. NA 0.30, Dipole

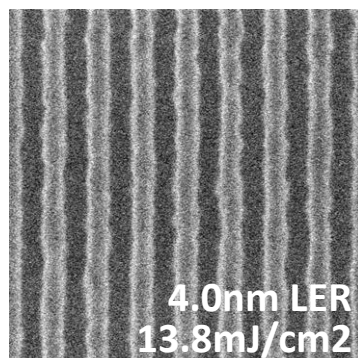
- ✓ *High contact angle of Si-HM improves resist pattern collapse*
- ✓ *Contact angle is the key factor for improvement of pattern collapse*

# JSR EUV Resist Performance on Si-HM - NXE3100 -

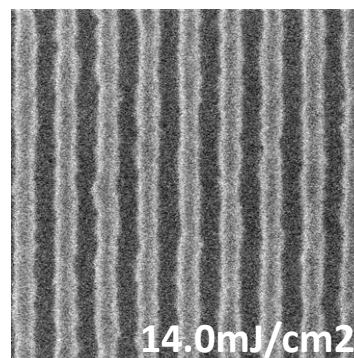
## Resist - C1



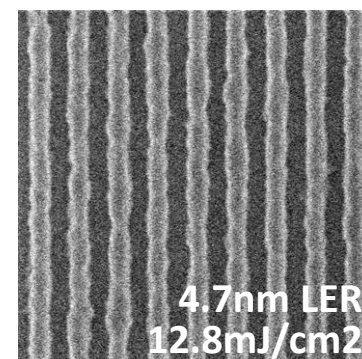
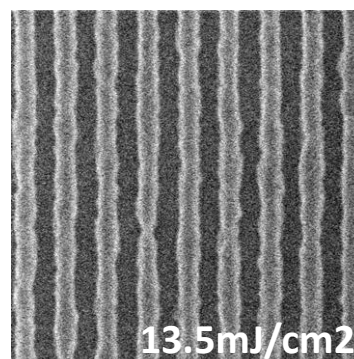
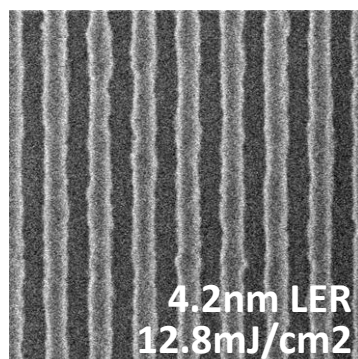
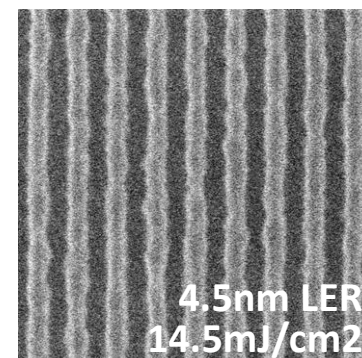
28nm LS



26nm LS



25nm LS



\*HMDS applied before resist coating

Exp. NA 0.25, Conventional

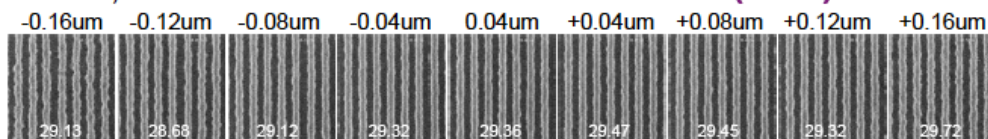
✓ **JSR Si-HM showed good litho performance.**

# JSR EUV Resist Performance on Si-HM - NXE3100 -

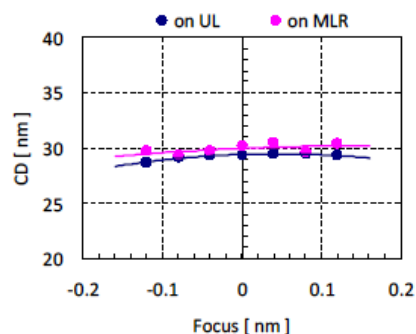
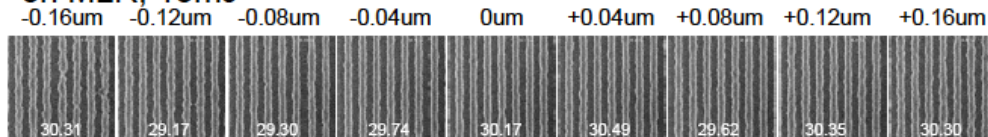
L30P60(L30) DOF

Resist - C1

on UL, 13.5mJ

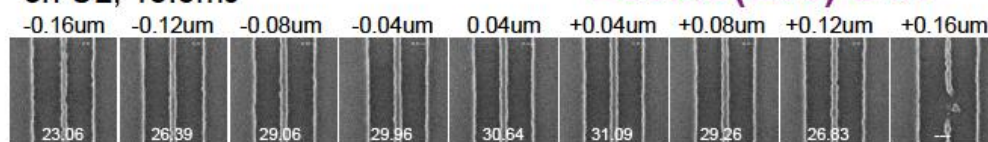


on MLR, 13mJ

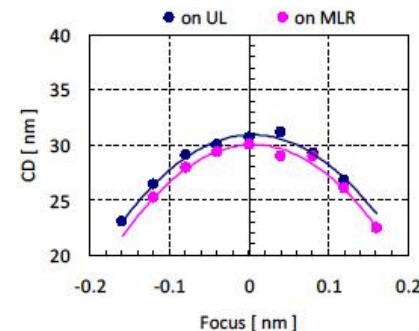
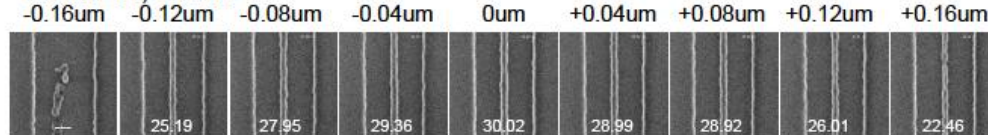


on UL, 13.5mJ

L30iso(L36) DOF



on MLR, 13mJ



✓ JSR Si-HM showed good resist collapse margin at both dens and iso line.



# Strategy for sub-20nm hp Generation

*Resolution improvement is significant challenge for 16 nm HP generation*

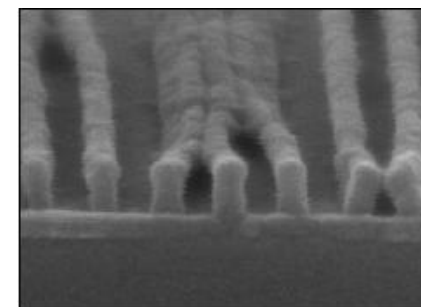
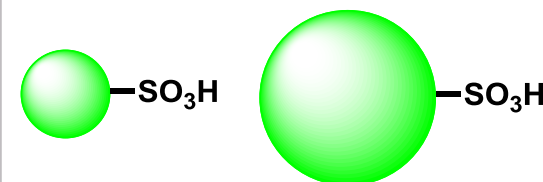
✓ **Acid diffusion control**

- *Development of PAG with short acid diffusion length*

✓ **Suppression of pattern collapse**

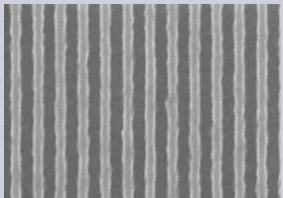
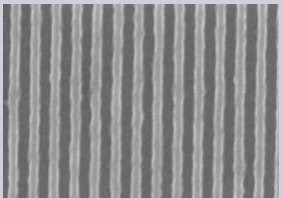
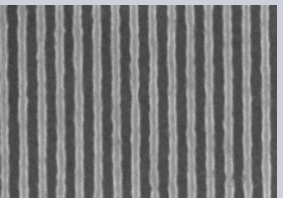
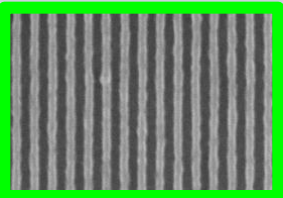
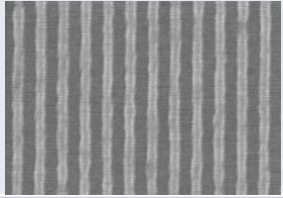
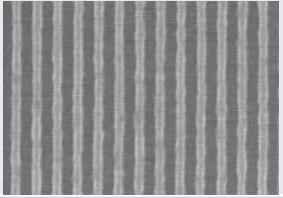
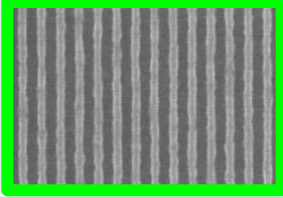
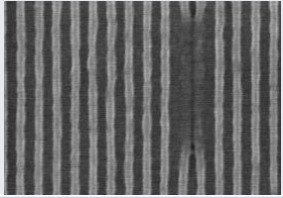
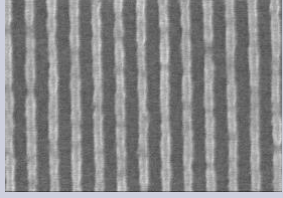
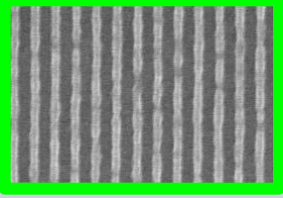
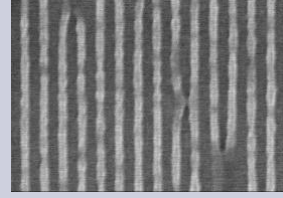
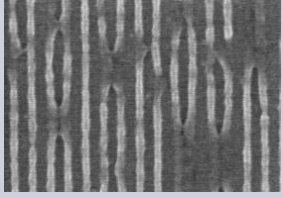
- *Development of under layer*
- **Optimization of development process**

Acid Size



# Effect of Development Time -Ultimate Resolution-

Resist - C1

Development time	26nmHP	24nmHP	22nmHP	20nmHP
Short				
Standard				
Long				

Exp. NA 0.30, 18 nm dipole

✓ *Short development time improves resist resolution*



# Effect of Development Time – Process Window

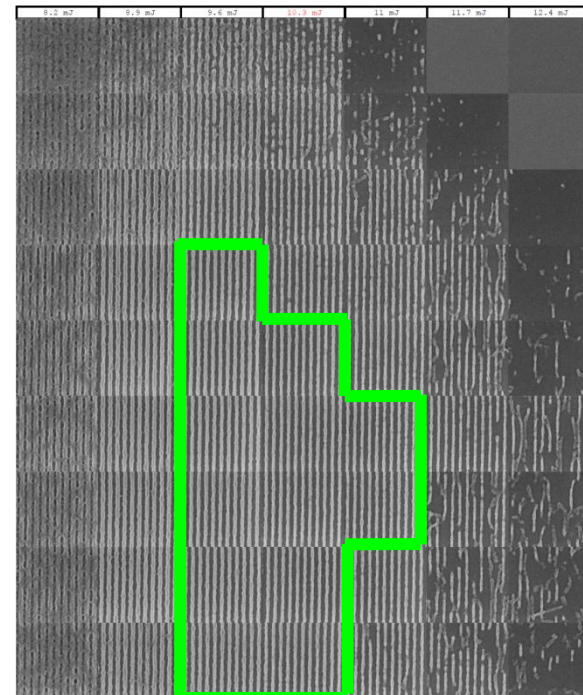
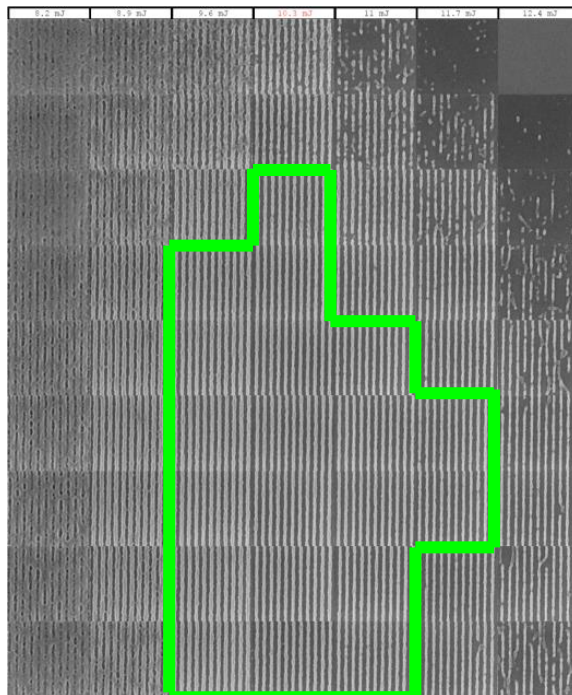
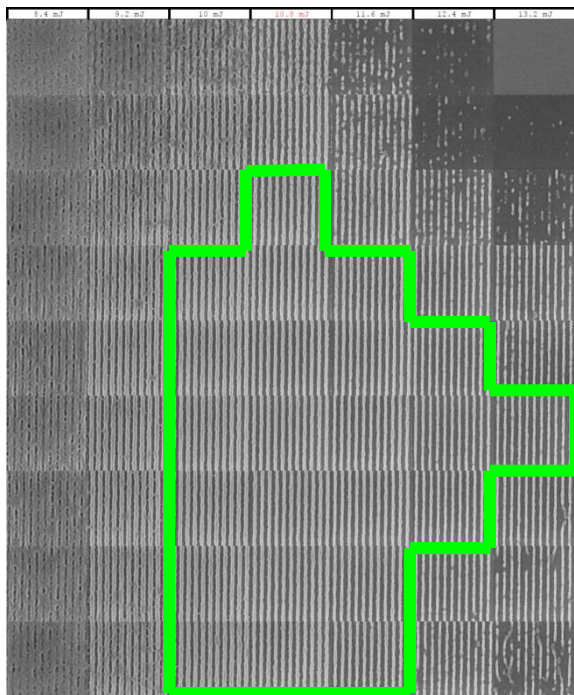
30 nm HP process window

Short Dev. time

Standard Dev. time

Long Dev. time

50nm Focus step



Exp. NA 0.30, Quadrapole

- ✓ *Best process margin factors (PW and pattern collapse) observed at short development time*
- ✓ *Development time is important factor to obtain large process window*

# Recent Progress of JSR EUV Resist on imec's NXE:3100

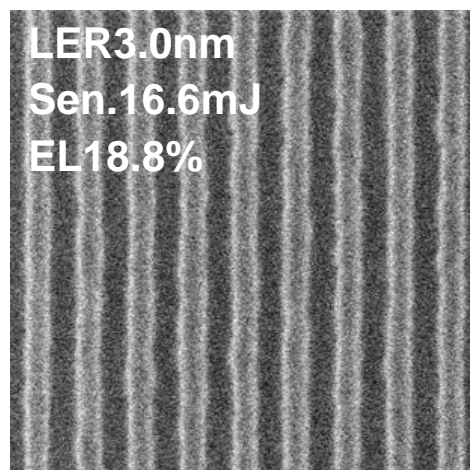
## Resist – C2

	JSR EUV resist w/FIRM* rinse	Target
Ultimate resolution	20nmHP	20nmHP
LER@22nmHP	3.3nm	3.0nm
Sensitivity @22nmHP	16.1mJ/cm <sup>2</sup>	<15mJ/cm <sup>2</sup>

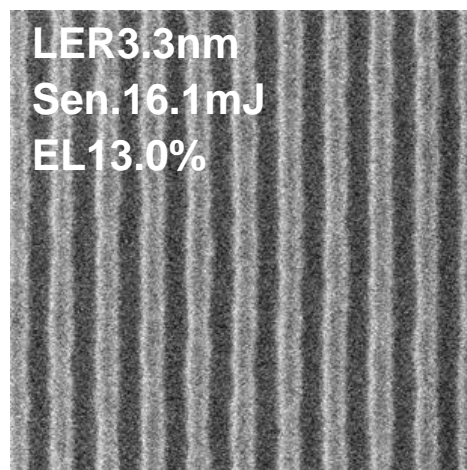
\*FIRM™ Extreme™ 10



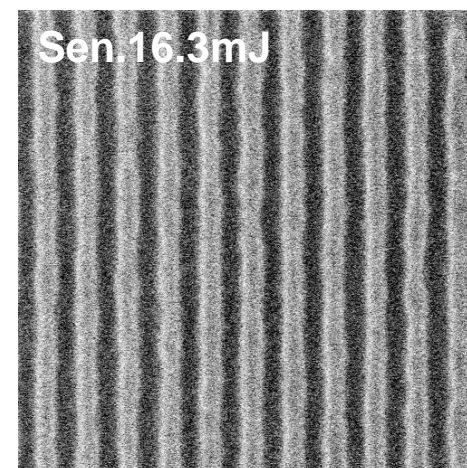
### 25nmHP



### 22nmHP



### 20nmHP



Exposure:NXE:3100 , NA0.25, Dipole60X, Courtesy of imec

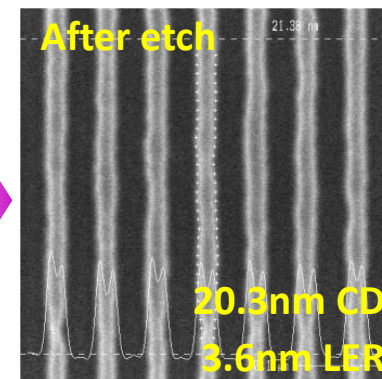
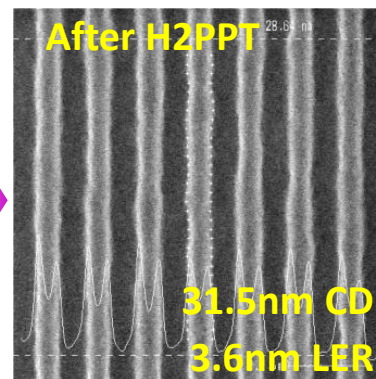
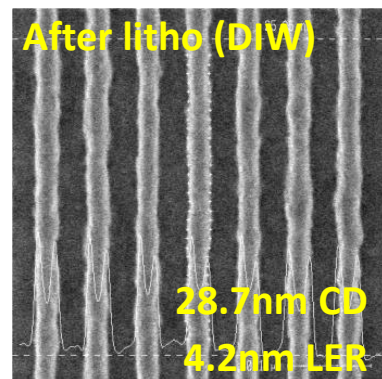
✓ **JSR EUV resist shows good balanced RLS performance**



# LER Mitigation by Process Optimization

## Resist - C2

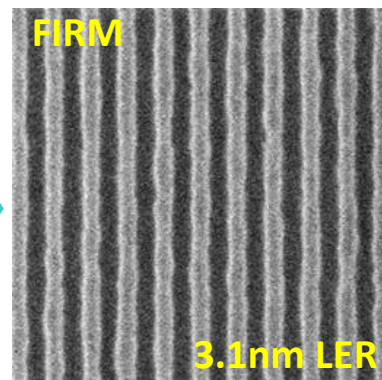
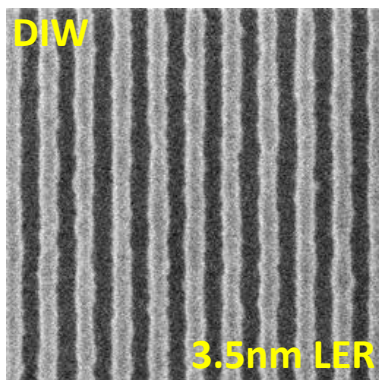
**Etch based** →  
30nmLS w conventional



**-12.3% LER**

**-0.1% LER**

**Track based** ↓  
22LS w dipole



**-11.4% LER**

?

?

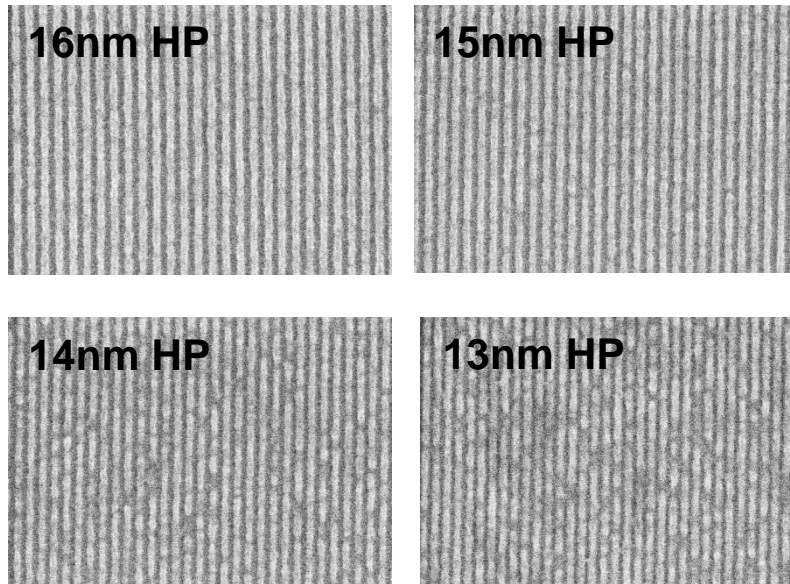
Courtesy of imec

✓ **Innovative processes show potential to mitigate LER.**

# Resolution Challenging in EUV Lithography

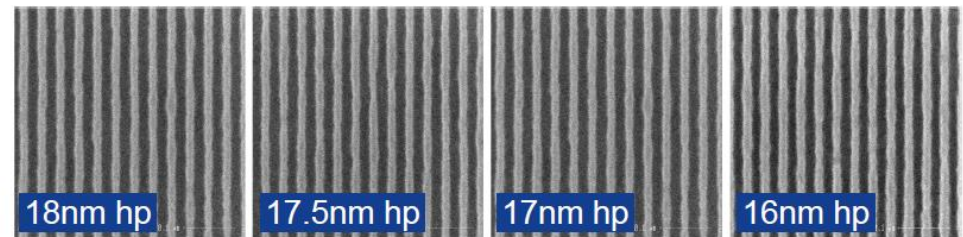
## Resist - C3

LBNL MET ultimate resolution



LBNL MET, NA0.3, Pseudo PSM  
Dose: 44mJ/cm<sup>2</sup>

**NXE:3100 ULTIMATE RESOLUTION**  
16NM HP RESOLVED

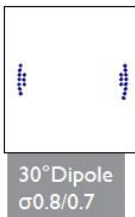


All images are single point in the field exposed with dipole-30X at a dose of 33mJ/cm<sup>2</sup> and +50nm .



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Ref.Tom Wallow et al, SPIE 8322-54,Thu 9.30am



Imec's NXE3100, NA0.25, Dipole30X  
Dose: 33mJ/cm<sup>2</sup>

➤ *Resolution at 16nmhp and beyond was performed.*

# Summary

- **Material Development**
  - Uniquely designed PAG with short acid diffusion length was good at resolution improvement.
- **Substrate and Process**
  - Silicon based hard mask with high contact angle improved resist pattern collapse significantly.
  - Development process optimization improved resist line collapse margin as well as its roughness.
- **Advanced EUV Resist Performance**
  - Resist resolution at 16nmhp and beyond was performed, which encourages industries to apply EUV lithography for device manufacturing.

# Acknowledgment

*The authors gratefully thank imec, Selete, SEMATECH, and CXRO for their close collaboration and giving us many evaluation opportunities*



***Thank you for your attention !!***

*Materials Innovation*



With chemistry, we can.